

This report has been prepared by River Parishes Community College (RPCC). These statistics are reported to the Department of Education in its annual safety report, in the same manner as the current regulations require of the annual security act.

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- a. The location of the fire (room number and specific location if known), the status of the fire and fire alarm and instructor name.
3. Instructor will call 9-1-1 to update EMS of the nature of the fire alarm and the Safety Coordinator at 225-743-8535 for immediate assistance.
4. The instructor will supervise the evacuation of the classroom and all nearby spaces.
5. All faculty, staff and students will IMMEDIATELY EVACUATE THE BUILDING and gather at a safe distance away from the danger zone/building.

DATING VIOLENCE, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT, STALKING

Information is provided to students on the prevention of and issues around dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking through “New Student Orientation” and campus-wide awareness campaigns.

Dating Violence

Dating violence includes violence committed by a person who is or has been in a relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim: (1) The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the report and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. (2) For the purpose of this definition dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence. (3) For the purposes of complying with Title 34 CFR 668.41, of the federal register and pertaining to the annual security report under the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act), any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Domestic Violence

The term “domestic violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime occurred, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime occurred. For the purposes of complying with Title 34 CFR 668.41, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Sexual Assault

Sexual assault is any type of sexual contact or behavior that occurs without the explicit consent of the recipient. Sexual assault includes sexual activities as forced sexual intercourse, forcible sodomy, child molestation, incest, fondling, attempted rape, and includes sexual acts against people who are unable to consent whether due to age or incapacitation. Anyone can be the target of sexual assault, regardless of age, gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, sexual history, or social class.

Sexual assault is any non-consensual sexual contact. It includes any intentional sexual touching, however slight, that is without consent and/or by force. Anyone can be the target of sexual assault, regardless of age, gender, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, sexual history or social class. Sexual assault is also a form of sexual harassment.

Stalking

The term “stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to— (A) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (B) suffer

- Threatens to hurt you or him/herself
- Physically restrains you
- Uses or threatens to use a weapon
- Don't allow yourself to be isolated with someone you don't trust or someone you don't know.
- Lower the volume or avoid putting music headphones in both ears so that you are more aware of your surroundings, especially if alone.

In social situations:

- Go with a group of friends. Check in with them frequently during the evening and leave together. Knowing where you are and who is around you may help you to find a way out of a bad situation.
- Be aware of selfish and aggressive comments or behavior. If a person does not listen to you, stands too close or seems to enjoy your discomfort, she/he may not respect your desires or limits.
- Be direct and assertive. Know your sexual desires and limits, and communicate your limits clearly. Don't be afraid of hurting his/her feelings.
- Don't leave your drink unattended or accept drinks from people you don't know AND trust. At parties, don't drink from the punch bowls or other large, common open containers.
- If you suspect you or a friend has been drugged, contact law enforcement immediately. Be explicit with doctors so they can best help you.

CAMPUS SAFETY AND CRIME PREVENTION PROGRAMS

RPCC prohibits sexual misconduct and takes sexual assault and other forms of sexual misconduct very seriously. As an effort to prevent and/or reduce the occurrence, the RPCC Safety Coordinator is working with the Student Government Association and other student organizations to sponsor programs around the topics of sexual assault, dating violence, stalking, and more. Presentations are being considered for Domestic Violence Awareness Month (October), Stalking Awareness Month (January), and Sexual Assault Awareness Month (April). These programs will be provided to the campus community and are designed to reduce the incidence of sexual misconduct and provide a safe campus community.

The Human Resources Department also mandates and provides annual training for recognizing and avoiding sexual harassment for all RPCC employees.

If You Are Sexually Assaulted

Remember that you are not to blame--no one deserves to be sexually assaulted.

You should contact one of the following offices: the RPCC Safety Coordinator, the Chief Student Affairs Officer, the Title IX Coordinator or the Gonzales Police Department.

- For Safety Coordinator, dial (225) 743-8535.
- For the Chief Student Affairs Officer, dial (225) 743-8520.
- For the Title IX Coordinator, dial (225) 743-8539.
- For emergency police assistance, dial 911 (off campus).
- Talk to someone you trust about the incident--a good friend, a family member, and/or a member of the university community. Talking to someone can help you clarify your options.
- Do not wash, shower, douche, change, destroy, or clean the clothes you wore during the assault. These provide vital evidence should you later decide to prosecute. Place items for evidence in a paper bag, not a plastic bag.

2016	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Hate Crimes (By Bias)			
Race	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Total (Hate Crimes by Bias)	0	0	0

2017 Crime Statistics
Gonzales Campus

2017	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Criminal Homicide			
Murder or Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offenses			
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	1	0	1
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Violence Against Woman Act			
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations			
Alcohol Arrest	0	0	0
Alcohol Referrals	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations			
Drug Arrests	0	0	0
Drug Referrals	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession			
Weapon Arrests	0	0	0

2017	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Weapon Referrals	0	0	0
Total (All Crimes)	0	0	0
Hate Crimes (By Bias)			
Race	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Total (Hate Crimes by Bias)	0	0	0

No reported crimes were considered “unfounded” for the presented years.

2016 Crime Statistics

Reserve Campus

2016	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Criminal Homicide			
Murder or Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offenses			
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Violence Against Woman Act			
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations			
Alcohol Arrest	0	0	0
Alcohol Referrals	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations			
Drug Arrests	0	0	0

2016	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Drug Referrals	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession			
Weapon Arrests	0	0	0
Weapon Referrals	0	0	0
Total (All Crimes)	0	0	0
Hate Crimes (By Bias)			
Race	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Total (Hate Crimes by Bias)	0	0	0

2017 Crime Statistics

Reserve Campus

2017	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Criminal Homicide			
Murder or Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offenses			
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Violence Against Woman Act			
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations			
Alcohol Arrest	0	0	0
Alcohol Referrals	0	0	0

2017	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Drug Law Violations			
Drug Arrests	0	0	0
Drug Referrals	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession			
Weapon Arrests	0	0	0
Weapon Referrals	0	0	0
Total (All Crimes)	0	0	0
Hate Crimes (By Bias)			
Race	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Total (Hate Crimes by Bias)	0	0	0

No reported crimes were considered “unfounded” for the presented years.

RPCC took over operations of the Reserve Campus on 7/1/18. No data is available for 2015. Data for 2016 & 2017 was provided by SCLTC, the former operator of the campus.

2016 Crime Statistics

Westside Campus

2016	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Criminal Homicide			
Murder or Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offenses			
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Violence Against Woman Act			
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0

2016	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations			
Alcohol Arrest	0	0	0
Alcohol Referrals	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations			
Drug Arrests	0	0	0
Drug Referrals	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession			
Weapon Arrests	0	0	0
Weapon Referrals	0	0	0
Total (All Crimes)	0	0	0
Hate Crimes (By Bias)			
Race	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Total (Hate Crimes by Bias)	0	0	0

2017 Crime Statistics
Westside Campus

2017	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Criminal Homicide			
Murder or Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0
Sex Offenses			
Rape	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0
Violence Against Woman Act			
Domestic Violence	0	0	0
Dating Violence	0	0	0
Stalking	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0

2017	On Campus	Public Property	Total
Burglary	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0
Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations			
Alcohol Arrest	0	0	0
Alcohol Referrals	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations			
Drug Arrests	0	0	0
Drug Referrals	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession			
Weapon Arrests	0	0	0
Weapon Referrals	0	0	0
Total (All Crimes)	0	0	0
Hate Crimes (By Bias)			
Race	0	0	0
National Origin	0	0	0
Gender Identity	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0
Sexual Orientation	0	0	0
Ethnicity	0	0	0
Disability	0	0	0
Larceny/Theft	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0
Total (Hate Crimes by Bias)	0	0	0

No reported crimes were considered “unfounded” for the presented years.

RPCC took over operations of the Westside Campus on 7/1/17. No data is available for 2015. Data for 2016 was provided by BRCC, the former operator of the campus. Data for 2017 are from 7/1/17 forward.

CLERY ACT CRIME DEFINITIONS

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter:

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, assaults to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are excluded.

Negligent Manslaughter:

The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses:

Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Rape

The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

B. Fondling

The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

C. Date Rape Drug

Under Clery, the administration of a date rape drug in an unsuccessful attempt to incapacitate and sexually assault the victim, and investigation determines that the perpetrator's attempt was to commit a sex offense, is a sexual assault. Administration of a date rape drug in which intent cannot be proven is an Aggravated Assault.

Sex Offenses, Nonforcible:

Unlawful, nonforcible sexual intercourse.

A. Incest

Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

B. Statutory Rape

Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Domestic Violence

Louisiana State Crimes and Definitions

Domestic Abuse Battery, Louisiana Revised Statute 14:35.3

The intentional use of force or violence committed by one household member or family member upon the person of another household or family member. "Household member" means any person of the opposite sex presently or formerly living in the same residence with the offender as a spouse, whether married or not, or any child presently or formerly living in the same residence with the offender, or any child of the offender regardless of where the child resides. "Family member" means spouses, former spouses, parents, children, step-parents, step-children, foster parents, and foster children.

Domestic Abuse Aggravated Assault, Louisiana Revised Statute 14:37.7

Assault with a dangerous weapon committed by one household member or family member upon another household member or family member. "Household member" means any person of the opposite sex presently or formerly living in the same residence with the offender as a spouse, whether married or not, or any child presently or formerly living in the same residence with the offender, or any child of the offender regardless of where the child resides. "Family member" means spouses, former spouses, parents, children, step-parents, step-children, foster parents, and foster children.

Federal Definition

(1) A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed-

- (i) By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim
- (ii) By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common
- (iii) By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or a partner
- (iv) By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or
- (v) By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence

Louisiana State Crimes and Definitions

“Protection from Dating Violence Act”, Louisiana Revised Statute 46:2151

“Dating Partner” means any person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim and where existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:

- Length of relationship.
- Type of relationship.
- The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

“Dating Violence” includes, but is not limited to, physical or sexual abuse and any offense against the person defines in the Criminal Code of Louisiana committed by one dating partner against the other. This excludes defamation and negligent injury.

Federal Definition

Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.

(1) The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

(2) For purposes of this definition-

- (i) Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- (ii) Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

(3) For the purposes of complying with the requirements of this section, any incident meeting this definition is considered a crime for the purposes of Clery Act reporting.

Stalking

Louisiana State Crimes and Definitions

Stalking is the intentional and repeated following or harassing of another person that would cause a reasonable person to feel alarmed or to suffer emotional distress. Stalking shall include, but not be limited to, the intentional or repeated uninvited presence of a person at

another's home, workplace, school, or any other place which would cause a reasonable person to be alarmed or to suffer emotional distress as a result of verbal, written, or behaviorally implied threats of death, bodily injury, sexual assault, kidnapping, or any other statutory criminal act.

Federal Definition

(1) Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to-

- (i) Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- (ii) Suffer substantial emotional distress

(2) For the purposes of this definition-

- (i) Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.
- (ii) Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.
- (iii) Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

Robbery:

The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault:

An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed. Aggravated assault includes poisoning (date rape drug, etc.)

Burglary:

The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft:

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned – including joy riding).

Arson:

The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, or personal property of another kind.

Liquor Law Violations:

The violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor;

drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.
(Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Drug Abuse Violations:

Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Weapon Law Violations:

The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

(Crime definitions are from the [Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook](#). Sex offense definitions are from the [National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual](#) of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program).

Clery Act Hate/Bias Crimes

A hate crime is defined as any crime that manifests evidence that a victim was selected because of his/her actual or perceived race; gender; gender identity; religion; sexual orientation; ethnicity; national origin; or disability. A hate crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender's bias. If the facts of the case indicate that the offender was motivated to commit the offense because of his/her bias against the victim's perceived race; gender; gender identity; religion; sexual orientation; ethnicity; national origin; or disability, the crime is classified as a hate crime. For more information on the definition and classification of hate/bias crimes, see: [FBI: Uniform Crime Reporting Hate Crime Statistics](#).

Bias

Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, gender, gender identity, religion, disability, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or national origin.

Although there are many possible categories of bias, under Clery, only the following eight categories are reported:

- **Race**

A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity, which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).

- **Gender**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.

- **Gender Identity**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived gender identity, e.g., bias against transgender or gender non-conforming individuals.

- **Religion**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being, e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists.

- **Sexual Orientation**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a person or group of persons based on their actual or perceived sexual orientation.

- **Ethnicity**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of people whose members identify with each other, through a common heritage, often consisting of a common language, common culture (often including a shared religion) and/or ideology that stresses common ancestry. The concept of ethnicity differs from the closely related term race in that "race" refers to grouping based mostly upon biological criteria, while "ethnicity" also encompasses additional cultural factors.

- **National Origin**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs and/or traditions.

- **Disability**

A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age, or illness.

Larceny-Theft: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. (Note: Constructive possession is defined by Black's Law Dictionary, 6th ed. as "where one does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.")

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property (Except "Arson"): To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

If a hate crime occurs during an incident involving larceny, simple assault, intimidation or vandalism, Clery law requires that the statistic be reported as a hate crime even though these four crime classifications by themselves are not Clery-reportable crimes.

A hate crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender's bias. If the facts of the case indicate that the offender was motivated to

commit the offense because of his/her bias against the victim's race, religion, ethnicity, national origin, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, or disability, the crime is classified as a hate crime.

CLERY GEOGRAPHIC CATEGORIES

An institution must report statistics for Clery offenses occurring in areas that meet the definitions below. Clery crimes that occur in these areas are listed in the crime statistics tables and reported to the Department of Education according to these categories.

- **On-campus** Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and (2) any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1) of the definition, that is owned by an institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students, and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or other retail vendor).
- **Public Property:** All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, parking facilities, parks and waterways, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.